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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/911,051	07/23/2001	Weenna Bucay-Couto	01-089	3728

27774 7590 08/12/2003

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SERKE, CATHERINE

[REDACTED] ART UNIT [REDACTED] PAPER NUMBER

3763

DATE MAILED: 08/12/2003

8

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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<b>Office Action Summary</b>	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/911,051	BUCAY-COUTO ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Catherine Serke	3763

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**Status**

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 June 2003.
- 2a) This action is FINAL.                            2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

**Disposition of Claims**

- 4) Claim(s) 1-17, 19, 21-29, 31 and 32 is/are pending in the application.
  - 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-17, 19, 21-29, 31 and 32 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

**Application Papers**

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.
 

If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

**Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120**

- 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
  - a) All    b) Some \*    c) None of:
    1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
    2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
    3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
  - a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

**Attachment(s)**

1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 6	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

**DETAILED ACTION**

The indication of allowable subject matter in the previous office action is withdrawn.

New rejections appear below.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1,5,7-8,10-11,14,21-22,27-28,31-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Schneider Inc. (EP 0879595 A2).

Schneider discloses a blood or a urine contacting device which may include a catheter, shunt or stent (all annular structures) including a reservoir of a polymer matrix and an antimicrobial/antibiotic agent within (see p.3:42-44) the polymer matrix and a surfactant region being a surfactant disposed over the reservoir on an outer surface of the medical device. See summary and p.2:14-15. The surfactant includes a surfactant polymer, see p.6:26-32. The surfactant is linked to the outer surface by interactions including hydrophobic, ionic and covalent (see p.6:40-p.7:30). The device may be made from polyurethane, see p.4:37-40. The agent is disposed within the polymer matrix at the time of formation of the polymer matrix (see p.4:6-8).

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 15,17 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schneider Inc. (EP 0879595 A2). Schneider discloses a urine contacting device that includes a reservoir being a polymer matrix and an antimicrobial agent and a surfactant disposed on an outer surface of the device. However, Schneider fails to teach implanting the device within the body of a patient for at least three months.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to include the step of implanting the device within the body of a patient for at least three months. Catheters, stent and shunts for urinary treatment are well known in the art and are commonly used in patients for extended periods of time including at least three months. The motivation for the incorporation would have been obvious in light of the disclosed use and common knowledge in the medical field. Furthermore, it is common in patients having long term catheterization to develop infections and the incorporation of the method step would have been done in order to solve a stated problem of the reference (see Background of the Invention).

Claims 23-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schneider Inc. (EP 0879595 A2). Schneider discloses incorporating the agent via dissolving or suspension

Art Unit: 3763

but fails to include the method of co-casting, co-extruding or imbibing the agent within the polymer matrix.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to substitute the methods above for the production method of Schneider. The motivation for the substitution would have been for the ease of manufacturing or production.

Claims 2-4, 16 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schneider Inc. (EP 0879595 A2) in view of Velraeds and Millsap.

Schneider meets the claim limitations as described above but fails to include a biosurfactant. However, Velraeds and Millsap both disclose a biosurfactant for use with urine contacting devices for enhanced prevention of infection. At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to incorporate the biosurfactant in order to further the prevention of infection, thereby making the device safer to the patient.

Claims 5-6 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schneider Inc. (EP 0879595 A2) in view of Vacheethasanee.

Schneider meets the claim limitations as described above but fails to include a surfactant polymer having a poly(vinyl amine) backbone and having hydrophilic poly(ethylene oxide) and hydrophobic hexanal side chains. However, Vacheethasanee discloses surfactant polymers designed to suppress bacterial adhesion on biomaterials. The surfactant polymers include a polymer as claimed in claim 6. At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to incorporate the surfactant polymer of Vacheethasanee into the invention of Schneider to provide

a surface with enhanced ability to prevent bacterial adhesion thereby increasing the safety of the device to the patient.

Claims 9, 12 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schneider Inc. (EP 0879595 A2) in view of BD WO 99/32168.

Schneider meets the claim limitations as described above but fails to include an antimicrobial agent selected from triclosan, chlorhexidine, silver sulfadiazine, silver ions, benzalkonium chloride, zinc pyrithione and iodine. However, BD WO 99/32168 discloses a device for incorporating an antimicrobial agent into a coating on a medical device. The agent includes chlorhexidine and iodine, see p.6:15-17.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to use the antimicrobial agent of BD WO 99/32168 into the invention of Schneider. Both devices are analogous in the art and are designed to solve the same problem (i.e. infections resulting from implanted medical devices); therefore, a combination is proper. Additionally, the motivation for the incorporation would have been in order to expand the application of the device to treat additional pathogens thereby enhancing the functioning of the device to more medical indications.

Claims 1,5,7-8,10-13 and 31-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Domb et al (US Pat# 5,344,411) in view of Schneider.

Domb discloses a tubular medical device, including urinary catheters, that includes coatings with dissolved iodine for sustained release of the iodine. The coating includes a

polymer hydrogel. The tube also includes a barrier layer (non-ionized polymer coating), see 10:52+.

Domb meets the claim limitations as described above but fails to include a surfactant region. However, Schneider discloses a surfactant layer as described above.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to incorporate the surfactant layer of Schneider over top the non-ionized polymer coating layer of the device of Domb. Both devices are analogous in the art; therefore, a combination is proper. Additionally, the motivation for the incorporation of the surfactant layer would have been in order to enhance the rate delivery teaching of Domb.

#### ***Response to Arguments***

Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### ***Conclusion***

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Catherine Serke whose telephone number is 703-308-4846. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian Casler can be reached on 703-308-3552. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9302 for regular communications and 703-872-9303 for After Final communications.

Art Unit: 3763

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-2192.

Catherine Serke *(Signature)*  
August 8, 2003

*Brian L. Casler*  
BRIAN L. CASLER  
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER  
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700